

Missed: _____ Grade: _____ Grader's Initials _____
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LIC - Romans

TEXT: *Encountering the Book of Romans* – Douglas Moo, Baker Books, 2014.
ISBN 978-0-8010-4966-8

1. What is the contextualized nature of Romans?
2. By the mid twentieth century what was the consensus concerning the basic message of Romans?
3. What are the two approaches to Romans presented by the author?
 - a.**
 - b.**
4. What makes Romans a bit different from the other letters of Paul?
5. Why did Paul have to spend more time introducing himself and explaining why he is writing the church at Rome?
6. Give a sketch of Paul's travel plans presented to the Roman Church with scripture references.
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
 - d.**
7. What three facts about the Roman Christians emerge from the opening and closing of the letter?
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
8. What are the five points that furnish clues about what is to come in the letter?
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
 - d.**
 - e.**
9. For Paul genuine Christian faith always carries with it right from the beginning the call for what?)

10. What is the negative and positive of salvation as presented by the author?
 - a.**
 - b.**

11. List three points made by Paul concerning God's truth.
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**

12. What four similarities are given of Jewish condemnation of the Gentiles in the Apocryphal "Wisdom of Solomon" and Romans?
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
 - d.**

13. Define "diatribe."

14. What two points does Paul make concerning the judgment to which Jews, like Gentiles will be subjected?
 - a.**
 - b.**

15. Why will Jews be condemned even though they have the "torah"?

16. List three items given by Paul that are legitimate reasons for the Jews to be proud.
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**

17. What is the backbone of Romans 3:9-20?
 - a.**
 - b.**

18. What three purposes does Paul accomplish in the final paragraph of the first major section of the letter to the Romans?
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**

19. What does the Law accomplish?

20. "But now" signals the transition from the sobering and depressing portrait of sinful humanity to the what?

21. Explain the author's position on God's sovereignty and justification.
 - a.**
 - b.**
22. Define "propitiate."
23. What is the sense of "wrath" as attributed to God?
24. How are both Jews and Gentiles justified in the same way?
25. What is the fundamental distinction between faith and works?
 - a.**
 - b.**
26. What is the specific meaning of transgression (parabasis) in Pauline literature?
27. What are the two groups mentioned by Paul in breaking down the categories of "offspring"?
 - a.**
 - b.**
28. Explain faith versus sight in relationship to Abraham according to the author.
29. With what triad do we often summarize the message of the New Testament?
 - a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
30. What is accomplished by God through Christ in the area of reconciliation?
31. What is the comparison that Paul makes as he contrasts the two Adams?
 - a.**
 - b.**
32. What is the meaning of Adam?
33. What is the explanation of why human beings so persistently and so universally turn away from God and what is its consequence?

- a.**
 - b.**
34. What does Paul mean when he claims that we Christians have died to sin?
- a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
35. Death to sin refers to the release from the dominance of sin. Paul uses the imagery of death for what two reasons?
- a.**
 - b.**
36. What do many Christians consider the “norm” for a Christian life?
37. Paul used the illustration of a woman being married to a man and as long as he is alive, is prevented by the law from marrying another man. However, once the husband dies, she is free from the law pertaining to marriage and adultery. How does this apply to our Christian lives?
38. What is the change in status with respect to sin and the law when we come to Christ?
39. Why did we need to be released from the law and be joined to Christ?
40. According to the author what are the four themes referring to the “Spirit of life”?
- a.**
 - b.**
 - c.**
 - d.**
41. How is each of the persons of the Godhead involved in securing our redemption from sin?
42. What is the tension in which we as Christians live?
43. What are the two basic points Paul makes about the glory destined for believers?
- a.**
 - b.**
44. According to the author what are the four issues one must answer to interpret Romans 8:28?
- a.**
 - b.**

c.

d.

45. List the seven difficulties listed by Paul that cannot separate Christians from the love of God.

a.

b.

c.

d.

e.

f.

g.

46. What is the main topic of Chapters 9-11 of Romans?

47. What are the two questions that motivate chapters 9-11 of Romans?

a.

b.

48. How can the present state of the church be reconciled with God's promise to Israel?

a.

b.

c.

49. What two perspectives concerning the salvation of Jews and Gentiles has Paul allowed to stand side by side without resolving them?

a.

b.

50. What are the two reasons that Israel failed to achieve the goal of righteousness?

a.

b.

51. What does God's grace mean to those who become His people?

52. List the five general aspects of a transformed life tackled by Paul.

a.

b.

c.

d.

e.

53. What does the term "body" refer to in Paul's teaching?

54. What does 12:2 tell us about how we can offer ourselves to God?

55. What is the sense of "sincere love"?
- a.**
 - b.**
56. What two reasons does Paul give that we should submit to governing authorities?
- a.**
 - b.**
57. What does it mean to "submit" to these authorities?
58. What two things are implied by the names listed in Romans Chapter 16?
- a.**
 - b.**